

Gramin Krishi Mausam Sewa

District Level Agromet Advisory Bulletin Govind Ballabh Pant University of Agriculture & Technology

Udham Singh Nagar, Pantnagar, Uttarakhand



Agromet Advisory Bulletin

Date: 03.10.2023

Weather Forecast of District NAINITAL (Uttarakhand) Issued On: 2023-10-03 (Valid Till 08:30 IST of the next 5 days)

Parameter	04/10/2023	05/10/2023	06/10/2023	07/10/2023	08/10/2023
Rainfall (mm)	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Max Temp (°C)	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
Min Temp (°C)	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Max RH I (%)	90	95	95	90	90
Min RH II (%)	55	55	60	50	50
Wind speed (km/h)	6	6	6	6	6
Wind direction	70	70	70	70	70
Cloud cover	1	1	1	2	2

Weather Summary/ Alert:

In the coming five days, light drizzle of 1 mm is likely to occur on 03 October. Maximum & minimum temperature may be 23.0 degree Celsius & 14.0 degree Celsius, respectively. Wind is expected to blow with a speed of 6 km/hr from the East-North-East direction. The weather is expected to remain dry.

General Advisory:

The farmers are advised to download "Meghdoot App" to get last week's weather, weather forecast and agrometeorological advice and "Damini App" to get lightning information. Meghdoot and Damini apps can be downloaded from Google Play Store (Android users) and App Center (iOS users). This will help them in taking right decisions regarding farming activities.

SMS Advisory:

The prediction indicates dry weather with light drizzle during the upcoming week so the agricultural activities can be done well in time.

Crop Specific Advisory:

Crop (Varieties)	Stage	Crop Specific Advisory
Rice	Ripening stage	During ripening phase common pest is brown plant hopper, farmers need to spray Triflumezopyrim 10 SC @235ml/ Fipronil 5 SC @1000 ml/ Buprofezin 25 SC @1 litre/ Thiamethoxam 25 WSG @100gm mixed in 500 litre water per hectare. The spray should be done near the stem. Buprofezin should be used in case of less infestation, Triflumezopyrim in case of heavy infestation and Fipronil 5 SC in case of stem borer+brown

		plant hopper attack. The matured early varieties should be harvested.
Finger millet	Ripening stage	In late maturing varieties of millets, keep monitoring the crop as the stem borer harms the crop. For its prevention, Fipronil 5 S. C. @1 liter or Cartap Hydrochloride 50W. P. Spray 600 grams or Chlorpyriphos 20 E. C. @2. 5 liters dissolved in 500-600 liters of water should be sprayed on the affected region. The matured millet varieties should be harvested.
Maize	maturity	Avoid bird attacks by appropriate farming measures in mature cobs. The cobs should be harvested when covered with yellow leaves.
Soyabean	pod formation/maturity	The maturing pulse crop should be harvested accordingly and kept for drying.
Pigeon Pea (Red Gram/Arhar)	Flower/pod formation	On occurrence of pods to prevent dryness of the field, light irrigation should be applied to the crop as per the forecast and requirement. On appearance of pod borer, apply pheromone @5-6 traps/ha in the field at the time of flowering. If 5-6 moths per trap were seen continuously for two-three days, then use one of the following drugs i.e. N.P.V. @500 borer equivalent B. T. @1 kg/ha. Nimboli 5% + 1% soap solution and Indoxacarb 14. 5 E.C. @353 -400 ml or Ema mectin benzoate 5 SG @220 mg or Spinosad 45 SC @125-162 ml/ha.
Rapeseed (Lahi/Ghariya) and Yellow Mustard (Rada)	Sowing	After harvesting rice in the valleys and low while after harvesting pulses and millets in the medium and higher hills the toria and yellow mustard crop should be sown between end September and 1 st fortnight of October. The sowing should be done at line to line distance of 45cm and 30 cm from the bunds. The seeds should be treated with Metalaxyl 35 W.S. @4 g/kg seed.

Horticulture Specific Advisory:

Horticulture (Varieties)	Stage	Horticulture Specific Advisory
Cauliflower	Seedling/maturity/vegetative	The early varieties should be harvested and sent to the market for consumption. Top-dressing of urea should be done in the mid-varieties and regular practices like weeding, hoeing and irrigation application should be monitored.
Radish/Carrot	Sowing/germination	The soil moisture should be maintained in the field and regular weeding and thinning of the crop should be done
Sem/Bakla	Sowing	Sowing can be taken up in this month. All the farming activities should be done keeping the forecast in mind. The crop requires 2-3 irrigation which should be given as and when required.
Citrus	Fruiting	If symptoms of citrus yellow mosaic virus is observed then prune the infected twigs and spray systemic insecticide such as imidacloprid 17.8 SL 1 ml/3 litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 1g/3 litre water. Apply first spray of Thiamethoxam during initial appearance of pest and repeat 2 – 3 sprays at 15 – 21 days interval depending on the level of pest intensity.
Apple/Peach/Plum/Pear	Fruiting	Destroy the infected and sick leaves while the fallen healthy leaves can be collected and kept in pit for compost purpose.

Live Stock Specific Advisory

Livestock	Live Stock Specific Advisory
Buffalo	Vaccination of FMD (Foot and Mouth Disease) should be given to the animals. Green fodder should be given in less quantity to the animals. It is advised that green fodder can
	be given to the animals by mixing it in dry fodder.
Goat/Sheep	In rural areas, 2 shots of tetanus toxide should be administered to sheep and goats at one
	month and the other at 5 months, so that newborn lambs do not get tetanus disease.

Poultry Specific Advisory

Poultry	Poultry Specific Advisory
Hens	Deworming doses should be given to the poultry birds on the recommendation of veterinarian because worms in the poultry birds lessen the production capacity of eggs.